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## AEGON Group

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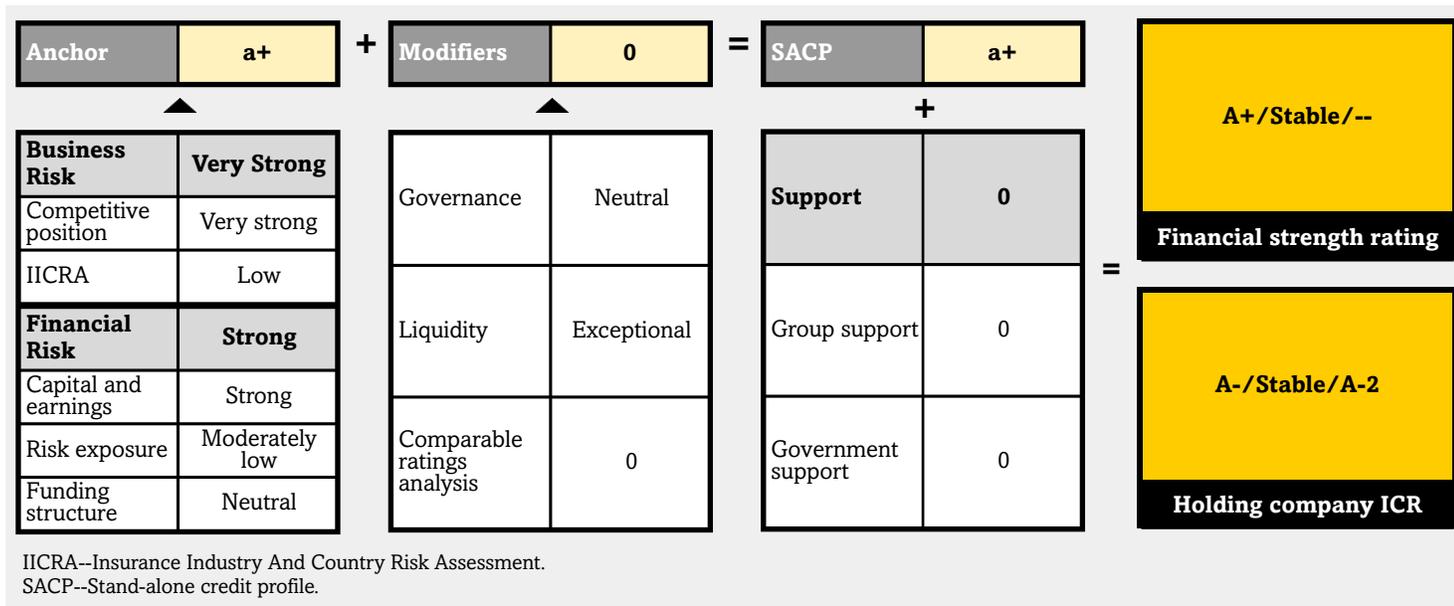
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# AEGON Group



## Credit Highlights

Overview	
Strengths	Risks
A globally diversified insurance group operating across the U.S. and in international markets, aided by a well-recognized brand.	Historically material difference between operating result after tax and bottom line profitability, due to restructuring costs and one-off items.
Very strong capital position under our capital model, accompanied by solid solvency ratios.	Weaker operating performance than peers.
Extensive hedging program and declining general account investments, increasing resilience to market shocks.	High reliance on softer forms of capital such as future profits and hybrid debt.

*After weaker performance in 2020, we expect Aegon to post better results in financial year 2021 as the group undertakes strategic actions to overcome weak and volatile earnings.* We believe Aegon Group's (Aegon) earnings will remain sensitive to the market environment, potentially affected by fair value adjustments, and also to sensitive restructuring costs. Historically, market-derived factors and one-time items have created a marked difference between net underlying earnings and net income. The group has made strategic divestments and is implementing restructuring plans and risk management initiatives to overcome weak earnings. Bottom-line performance is still a relative weakness compared with that of 'AA-' rated peers, in our view.

*Aegon will continue to benefit from its widely known brand in its core markets internationally, as well as its wide product diversification.* As one of the world's largest insurance companies, Aegon holds a top 10 position in the U.S. with its brand Transamerica, and is among the top five distributors of life, pension, and saving business in the Netherlands, where it is also a leading mortgage originator. We expect that the group will continue to enjoy its sound diversification--both geographically and in terms of business lines. However, with the group's new operating strategy aimed at streamlining operations and narrowing the strategic focus, we expect product diversification will be limited and market share in products defined as non-strategic will decline for its U.S. operations.

*As per our risk-based capital model, Aegon's capital adequacy improved in 2020, however the softer form of capital weakens the group's quality of capital.* We expect Aegon will maintain very strong capital adequacy under our model and its Solvency II ratio will remain at the higher end of the 150%-200% range for 2021-2022. Aegon's gradual shift to capital-light products and fee-based business, as well as the support of the group's hedging program supplemented by longevity reinsurance, is likely to reduce the volatility in capital adequacy in the current environment. However, high reliance on softer forms of capital such as value-in-force and hybrid debt weakens the quality of Aegon's capital, in our opinion.

*We expect the group to sustain its sound funding structure through the forecast period.* At year-end 2020, Aegon's financial leverage ratio stood at 25%, which is in line with the average for global multiline insurers. We forecast financial leverage will remain less than 27% over 2021-2023, given the deleveraging activities Aegon will follow under its new operating strategy, as recently seen when Aegon called \$250 million perpetual capital securities issued in 2005.

## Outlook: Stable

The stable outlook reflects our expectation that the group will continue to benefit from a leading market position in both the Dutch pension and life insurance and services industries, and a diversified product range in the U.S., even if market shares decline. It further reflects the group's profitable operations growth in the U.K., Spain, and Asia, and robust capital and earnings, supported by capital adequacy comfortably above the 'AA' level.

### Downside scenario

We view a downgrade as unlikely over the next two years, because we believe management's actions would support Aegon's very strong capital adequacy in the case of unexpected shocks. However, we would consider lowering the ratings if the group significantly reduced the diversity and scope of its operations through material divestments, or through a materially lower earnings contribution from its core markets, both impairing its competitiveness.

### Upside scenario

Although unlikely at this stage, we could raise the rating over the next 12-24 months if we believed Aegon was likely to materially and consistently improve its profitability, matching the performance of its peer group, through positive trends in sales volumes and margins and declining operating expenses and restructuring costs. At the same time, the group would have to maintain the current level of capital adequacy and continue to expand its international operations while maintaining relevant market positions in the U.S. and the Netherlands.

## Key Assumptions

- We expect global GDP growth of 5.9% in 2021 will help underpin broadly favorable credit conditions.
- Ten-year treasury yields in the U.S. with a gradual recovery to 1.7% in 2021 and 2.3% in 2022 (0.9% in 2020).
- U.S.: GDP decline of 3.5% in 2020, growth of 6.7% in 2021, followed by growth of 3.7% in 2022.
- Eurozone: GDP decline of 6.7% in 2020, growth of 4.4% in 2021, followed by growth of 4.5% in 2022.

- Source: S&P Global Economics, Oxford Economics.

**Aegon N.V.--Key Metrics**

	2022f	2021f	2020	2019	2018	2017
Gross premiums written (mil. EUR)	>16,000	>16,000	16,099	18,138	19,316	22,826
Net income (mil. EUR)	~900	~700	55	1,525	744	2,361
Return on Shareholders' Equity (%)	3-4%	3-4%	0.2	7.3	3.7	11.4
S&P Global Ratings capital adequacy	Very Strong	Excellent				
Fixed charge coverage	~4x	~4x	0.8	7.9	3.9	9.7
Financial leverage (%)	25-27	25-27	25.2	26.9	29.3	29.2

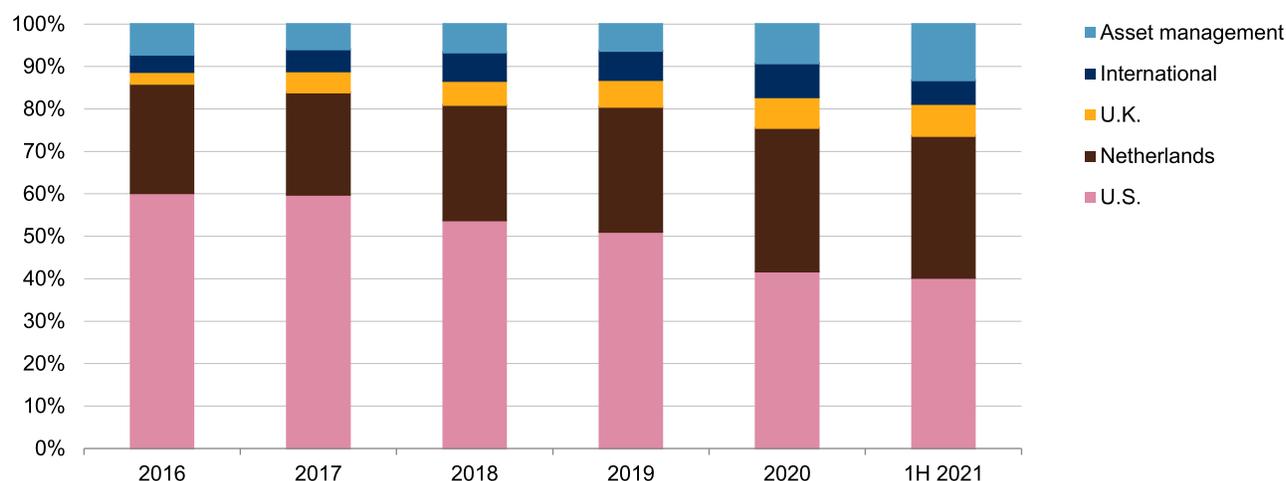
f--S&P Global Ratings forecast.

## Business Risk Profile: Very Strong

Netherlands-based Aegon is one of the world's largest insurance companies, writing gross premiums of €16.1 billion in 2020. The group's operations are dominated by life business with a small presence in property/casualty (P/C) business and a growing asset management business. Aegon's sound reputation for life and pension products underpins its distribution power. Aegon is streamlining operational strategy and progressing toward its goals, which include limiting its global geographic footprint to three core markets, three growth markets, and one global asset manager. Within the core markets, higher-margin strategic assets have been separated from capital-intensive financial assets. Another goal of the new strategy is cost-saving initiatives. Although the strategic moves especially affect the U.S. business model, the group still benefits from its widely known brand in the U.S. and internationally, as well as its diverse market position in several European markets, notably the Netherlands and the U.K. For Transamerica, the U.S. arm, we expect sliding market shares in products defined as non-strategic following the new strategy and narrower focus, with the company's exit from variable annuities with significant interest-rate-sensitive living and death benefit riders, individual long-term care, and fixed annuities, all of which are classified as financial assets.

## Chart 1

### Aegon N.V.--The Operating Result Contribution From U.S. Operations Is Declining



H--Half. Source: S&P Global Ratings.

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The U.S. remains the highest earnings contributor, with half of the pretax operating result coming from the region. The Netherlands is the second-largest earnings generator for Aegon. The group is among the top five distributors of life and pension and savings business in the country and has a top-five position as a mortgage originator. In the past few years, Aegon has made significant investments to transform its market position in the U.K. as a digital solution provider. We believe earnings contribution from the U.K. will continue to increase as well. Aegon completed its sale of Stonebridge, a U.K.-based provider of accident insurance products, in 2021. Furthermore, Aegon agreed to sell its Central and Eastern European business to VIG and recently received approval from the European Commission.

In the past two years, Aegon has been unable to convert its widely diversified market position into consistently strong earnings commensurate with its ostensible market strength. We believe the group's profitability has declined more than that of peers in the past two years, due to stagnant business volumes, high ongoing restructuring costs and hedging effects, and intensifying competition from larger competitors. As expected, record-low interest rates and market turbulence from COVID-19 dampened profitability by lowering investment yields, impairing equity investments, and increasing the costs of guarantees. We expect this pressure to remain, especially from low interest rates, but see some positive signs from Aegon's planned actions to stabilize the balance sheet. We believe Aegon's strategic initiatives like cost saving program, introduction of new products, widening distribution, and improving customer satisfaction will bear fruit in the future. At June 30, 2021, Aegon successfully achieved half of its cost saving target of EUR400 million by the end of 2023 compared with base cost of 2019.

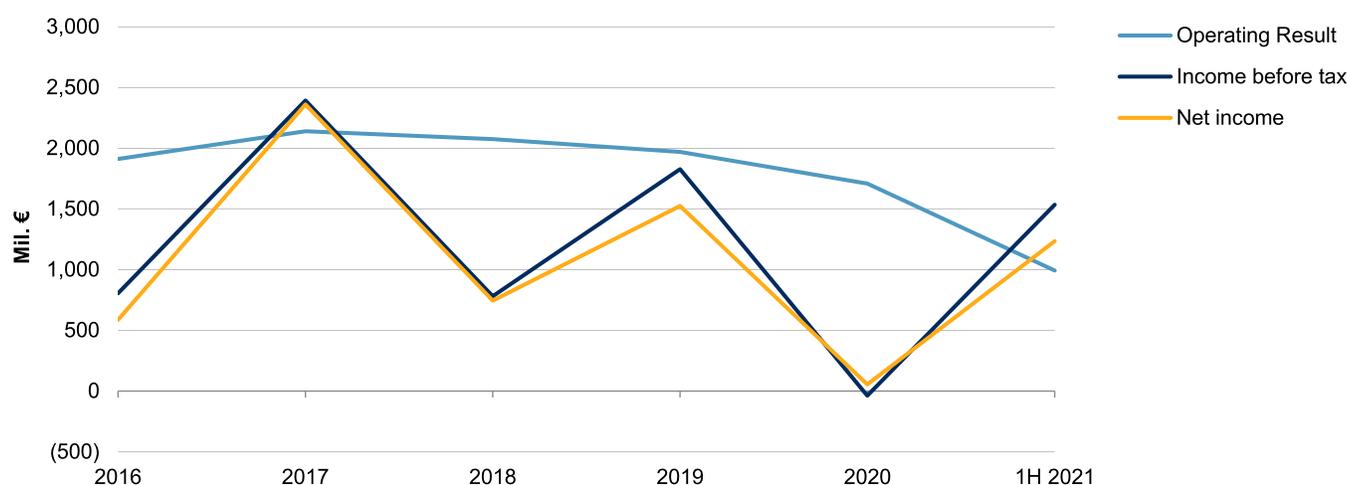
## Financial Risk Profile: Strong

Aegon's capital adequacy under our risk-based capital model was above our expectations in 2020, driven by a reduction in capital requirements due to a lower exposure to assets with relatively high capital charges. We expect Aegon will maintain capital adequacy at the AA level as per our model, and its Solvency II ratio will remain at the higher end of the 150%-200% range. We think that the group's revised focus on capital-light and fee-based business is likely to moderate future volatility in capital adequacy. However, we continue to limit our capital assessment due to Aegon's high reliance on softer forms of capital, such as the present value of future profits and hybrid debt, which we consider more volatile than core shareholder's equity. We believe the group's very strong capitalization would absorb unexpected shocks similar to the ones we saw during the pandemic.

In the first half of 2021 Aegon reported strong recovery with net income of €1.2 billion, compared with €202 million in the first half of 2020. Net earnings in the first half of 2021 benefited from positive variance between operating earnings and net income. Increase in non-operating income is mainly coming from external macro-economic factors like change in fair value and realized gains on investments. This is well above our forecast for net income of about €0.7 billion for 2021 and €0.9 billion for 2022 but certainly very much dependent on the development of the macro-economic factors in the second half of the year. Furthermore, our forecast already reflects USD0.5 billion-USD0.7 billion pre-tax one-time loss in third-quarter 2021 which is due to the expansion of the dynamic hedging program and executing the lump-sum buy-out program. Aegon's operating earnings also improved by 41% to €993 million reflecting better claims experience in the U.S., cost savings, and increased fees income. Aegon's Solvency II ratio improved to 208% as of June 30, 2021.

### Chart 2

#### Aegon N.V.--A Wide Gap Between Operating Result And Net Income Makes Operating Earnings Volatile Compared With Peers



H--Half.

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In 2020, Aegon's earnings were negatively impacted by change in long-term interest rate assumption and certain non-economic assumption changes in the U.S. We believe continuing record-low interest rates will dampen profitability by lowering investment yields. We also believe ongoing costs associated with the group's hedging program and restructuring expenses will likely continue to weigh negatively on profitability.

Aegon has managed its investment portfolio conservatively. Sector concentration is balanced and exposures to individual counterparties are based on the rating on the counterparty. We assess the weighted-average quality of the fixed income portfolio in the 'A' range. However, the group's material obligations under its staff pension scheme create the potential for capital volatility. Interest rate risk is also present in the remaining general account book. Both for general account products and for products outside the general account with guarantees (e.g. variable annuities in the U.S.), Aegon has extensive interest rate and equity hedge programs to mitigate this risk. We also consider the foreign exchange risk low and limited primarily to translation risk in the income statement and balance sheet. The group's exposure in the equity portfolio is less than 2% of general accounts assets.

Our measure of Aegon's financial leverage stood at 25.2% as of year-end 2020. We anticipate that the group will maintain financial leverage of less than 27% in 2021-2023, following deleveraging activities within the new strategy as recently seen when Aegon called \$250 million perpetual capital securities issued in 2005. The improvement puts Aegon in line with the average for global multiline insurers. Fixed-charge coverage based on EBIT decreased to 0.8x in 2020 compared with a relatively high 7.9x in 2019, driven by very low net income. We expect the coverage ratio to again surpass the 4.0x threshold in 2021-2022.

## Other Key Credit Considerations

### Liquidity

We consider liquidity well managed. The group manages its liquidity position by applying severe stress tests. Aegon also operates with a large cash balance and highly liquid treasuries/agencies securities in the U.S. to meet its liability requirements. In addition, Aegon maintains backup liquidity facilities in the form of committed credit lines.

### Factors specific to the holding company

The 'A-' long-term issuer credit rating on the holding company, Aegon N.V., reflects a two-notch difference between the ratings on the core operating entities and holding company. It reflects Aegon's diverse dividend stream coming from different and uncorrelated markets and regulatory jurisdictions, in particular U.S., Dutch, U.K., and Asian markets. While the U.S. provides about 60% of Aegon's total dividend remittances, we believe the holding company could largely cover all its fixed charges, even without contribution from the U.S., thanks to its gradually declining financial leverage and significant excess cash at the holding level of €1.1 billion at year-end 2020. In addition, the Solvency II framework does not allow for double leverage, unlike for holding companies of U.S. life insurance peers. We note Aegon's track record in gradually reducing financial leverage, for which it has set a target, and its debt issuance capacity.

### Environmental, social, and governance

We consider Aegon's exposure to environmental and social risks in line with the insurance sector globally, but more concentrated in social risks than its global multiline insurance (GMI) peers, such as Allianz or Zurich. The group's

liabilities could rise due to increased longevity and chronic illness caused by lifestyle changes in its core markets. Aegon's P/C business is proportionally smaller and more retail-oriented than its GMI peers'. As a result, its main exposure to environmental risk is through its investment portfolio, where changes in policy or public opinion regarding climate change could cause greater asset valuation volatility. Aegon's exposure to longevity trends is moderate overall, since the group has mitigated its risks through longevity reinsurance contracts for its Dutch longevity exposure. We also view positively Aegon's strong track record of identifying, modelling, and managing this risk. We value the group's capacity to manage asset-liability mismatch risks, which allows the group to anticipate, model, and pre-emptively include how social trends will affect its guaranteed life business and variable annuities. Aegon's life and pension insurance activity in the U.K. and the Netherlands is gradually running off. This limits its exposure to social factors, given that provisions and longevity reinsurance contracts already incorporate assumptions on social trends. Governance factors are consistent with what we see across the Netherlands and the U.S. We believe that the group's governance results in well-constructed financial policies and clear strategic priorities. Aegon has comprehensive financial standards and a broad-ranging, sophisticated set of risk-appetite statements.

### Accounting considerations

We base our analysis primarily on audited financial data prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU (IFRS-EU) as well as the Netherlands civil code. Aegon has opted for temporary exemption for IFRS 9 implementation until such time as IFRS 17 is implemented, currently expected for January 2023. Although the full impact of IFRS 17 is not yet clear, we expect it will significantly change the disclosure of group shareholders' equity, income, and other comprehensive income.

## Related Criteria

- Criteria | Insurance | General: Insurers Rating Methodology, July 1, 2019
- General Criteria: Hybrid Capital: Methodology And Assumptions, July 1, 2019
- General Criteria: Group Rating Methodology, July 1, 2019
- General Criteria: Methodology For Linking Long-Term And Short-Term Ratings, April 7, 2017
- General Criteria: Principles Of Credit Ratings, Feb. 16, 2011
- Criteria | Insurance | General: Refined Methodology And Assumptions For Analyzing Insurer Capital Adequacy Using The Risk-Based Insurance Capital Model, June 7, 2010

## Appendix

### Aegon N.V.--Credit Key Metrics

	2020	2019	2018	2017
S&P Global Ratings capital adequacy	Very strong	Very strong	Very strong	Excellent
Total invested assets	392,779	387,733	344,193	344,024
Total shareholder equity*	22,890	22,469	19,540	20,592
Gross premiums written	16,099	18,138	19,316	22,826

**Aegon N.V.--Credit Key Metrics**

	2020	2019	2018	2017
Net premiums written	13,396	15,704	16,653	19,395
Reinsurance utilization (%)	16.79	13.42	13.79	15.03
EBIT	90	2,008	925	2,554
Net income (attributable to all shareholders)	55	1,525	744	2,361
Return on revenue (%)	0.39	7.74	3.52	8.49
Return on assets (including investment gains/losses) (%)	0.02	0.51	0.25	0.65
Return on shareholders' equity (reported) (%)	0.24	7.26	3.71	11.37
Life: Net expense ratio (%)	40.99	37.02	35.06	29.70
EBITDA fixed-charge coverage (x)	0.84	7.93	3.93	9.70
EBIT fixed-charge coverage (x)	0.39	7.60	3.61	9.32
Financial obligations / EBITDA adjusted	40.48	3.95	8.05	3.19
Financial leverage including pension deficit as debt (%)	25.21%	26.94%	29.27%	29.18%
Net investment yield (%)	4.33	4.84	4.69	4.59

\*Excluding hybrids included in equity.

**Business And Financial Risk Matrix**

Business risk profile	Financial risk profile							
	Excellent	Very Strong	Strong	Satisfactory	Fair	Marginal	Weak	Vulnerable
Excellent	aa+	aa	aa-	a+	a-	bbb	bb+	b+
Very Strong	aa	aa/aa-	aa-/a+	a+/a	a-/bbb+	bbb/bbb-	bb+/bb	b+
Strong	aa-/a+	a+/a	a/a-	a-/bbb+	bbb+/bbb	bbb-/bb+	bb/bb-	b+/b
Satisfactory	a	a/a-	a-/bbb+	bbb+/bbb	bbb/bbb-	bb+/bb	bb-/b+	b/b-
Fair	a-	a-/bbb+	bbb+/bbb	bbb/bbb-	bbb-/bb+	bb/bb-	b+/b	b-
Weak	bbb+/bbb	bbb/bbb-	bbb-/bb+	bb+/bb	bb/bb-	bb-/b+	b/b-	b-
Vulnerable	bbb-/bb+	bb+/bb	bb/bb-	bb-/b+	b+/b	b/b-	b-	b-

**Note:** Where table indicates two possible outcomes, we determine the anchor as follows: For financial risk profiles that we assess as satisfactory or stronger, we consider the relative strength of both the business risk and financial risk profiles within the cell. This is based on a holistic assessment of the relative strengths of the rating factors of the business risk profile and financial risk profile. For financial risk profiles that we assess as fair or weaker, we typically place more weight on the relative strength of the rating factors of the financial risk profile.

**Ratings Detail (As Of September 15, 2021)\*****AEGON N.V.**

Issuer Credit Rating	A-/Stable/A-2
Commercial Paper	
Foreign Currency	A-2
Junior Subordinated	BBB
Junior Subordinated	BBB-
Senior Unsecured	A-
Subordinated	BBB

## Ratings Detail (As Of September 15, 2021)\*(cont.)

**Related Entities****AEGON Bank N.V.**

Issuer Credit Rating	A/Stable/A-1
Senior Secured	AAA/Stable
Senior Subordinated	A-

**AEGON Levensverzekering N.V.**

Financial Strength Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/--
Issuer Credit Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/--

**Scottish Equitable PLC**

Financial Strength Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/--
Issuer Credit Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/--

**Transamerica Financial Life Insurance Co.**

Financial Strength Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/NR
Issuer Credit Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/NR

**Transamerica Life (Bermuda) Ltd.**

Financial Strength Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/--
Issuer Credit Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/--

**Transamerica Life Insurance Co.**

Financial Strength Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/NR
Issuer Credit Rating	
<i>Local Currency</i>	A+/Stable/A-1+

**Domicile**

Netherlands

\*Unless otherwise noted, all ratings in this report are global scale ratings. S&P Global Ratings' credit ratings on the global scale are comparable across countries. S&P Global Ratings' credit ratings on a national scale are relative to obligors or obligations within that specific country. Issue and debt ratings could include debt guaranteed by another entity, and rated debt that an entity guarantees.

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